VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS), HYDERABAD

Accredited by NAAC with A++ Grade

B.E. II-Semester Advanced Supplementary Examinations, September-2023 Optics, Acoustics and Sensors

(Civil Engg.)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

Part-A $(10 \times 2 = 20 Marks)$

Q. No.	Stem of the question	M	L	СО	PO
1.	Distinguish between damped and forced oscillations.	2	1	1	1,2,12
2.	Define quality factor and give the relationship between quality factor and bandwidth.	2	2	1	1,2,12
3.	Mention the properties of O-ray and E-ray	2	2	2	1,2,12
4.	Distinguish between Fraunhofer and Fresnel diffraction.	2	1	2	1,2,12
5.	Differentiate between stimulated and spontaneous emission processes.	2	1	3	1,2,12
6.	Write the necessity of cladding in an optical fiber.	2	1	3	1,2,12
7.	Elucidate the sound proofing applications used in civil and building engineering.	2	2	4	1,2,12
8.	Narrate Kundt's tube methods to detect ultrasonic waves	2	1	4	1,2,12
9.	Explain strain gauges working	2	2	5	1,2,12
10.	What are the objectives of monitoring the health of a structure?	2	1	5	1,2,12
	Part-B $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ Marks})$				
11. a)	Write the conditions for critical damping, under damped and over damped motions by deriving the equation for damped harmonic oscillator.	6	2	1	1,2,12
b)	Write a note on resonant frequency and sharpness of resonance	2	4	1	1,2,12
12. a)	Derive an expression for the intensities of maxima and minima formed by a single slit diffraction.	5	2	2	1,2,12
b)	In a Newton's ring experiment the diameter of the 10 th ring changes from 1.30 cm to 1.25cm when a liquid is introduced b/w the lens and the plate. Calculate the refractive index of the liquid.	3	3	2	1,2,12
13. a)	Derive an expressions for numerical aperture and acceptance angle. If the fiber were submersed in water, what would be the new numerical aperture?	4	4	3	1,2,12

Write the conditions to achieve laser action. What is pumping and	1			
mention various pumping mechanisms used in the production of aser light?	4	2	3	1,2,12
With a neat sketch describe the production of ultrasonic waves by nverse piezoelectric method.	5	2	4	1,2,12
ne fundamental vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrating at resonance, calculate its thickness. (Young's modulus quartz is 7.9×10 ¹⁰ N/m ² and density of quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm ³).		3	4	1,2,12
		2	5	1,2,12
dustrate LVDT sensor working for structural health monitoring	4	3	5	1010
btain expression for the total energy of a simple harmonic scillator	4	1	1	1,2,12
xplain action of a polarizer and an analyzer in polarization of	4	4	2	1,2,12
nswer any two of the following:				
escribe the construction and working of a Ruby laser with cessary diagrams?	4	2	3	1,2,12
otain Sabine's formula.	1	2		
w temperature sensors can be used in Structural Health				1,2,12 1,2,12
An named and a second	With a neat sketch describe the production of ultrasonic waves by verse piezoelectric method. The fundamental vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it wibrating at resonance, calculate its thickness. (Young's modulus quartz is 7.9×10 ¹⁰ N/m² and density of quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm³). The probability of quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm³ and density of quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm³. The plain the role of optical fiber Sensors in Structural Health conitoring System? The probability of a simple harmonic contain expression for the total energy of a simple harmonic contain expression for the total energy of a simple harmonic contain action of a polarizer and an analyzer in polarization of the swer any two of the following: The series of the construction and working of a Ruby laser with desirance desirance.	With a neat sketch describe the production of ultrasonic waves by verse piezoelectric method. The fundamental vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrating at resonance, calculate its thickness. (Young's modulus quartz is 7.9×10 ¹⁰ N/m² and density of quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm³). Explain the role of optical fiber Sensors in Structural Health onitoring System? The fundamental vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrating at resonance, calculate its thickness. (Young's modulus quartz is 7.9×10 ¹⁰ N/m² and density of quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm³). Explain the role of optical fiber Sensors in Structural Health onitoring System? The fundamental vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrating at resonance, calculate its thickness. (Young's modulus quartz is 7.9×10 ¹⁰ N/m² and density of quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm³). The fundamental vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrating at resonance, calculate its thickness. (Young's modulus quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm³). The fundamental vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrating at resonance, calculate its thickness. (Young's modulus quartz is 7.9×10 ¹⁰ N/m² and density of quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm³). The fundamental vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrational frequency	Vith a neat sketch describe the production of ultrasonic waves by verse piezoelectric method. e fundamental vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrating at resonance, calculate its thickness. (Young's modulus quartz is 7.9×10 ¹⁰ N/m² and density of quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm³). Explain the role of optical fiber Sensors in Structural Health onitoring System? Sustrate LVDT sensor working for structural health monitoring. Detain expression for the total energy of a simple harmonic cillator plain action of a polarizer and an analyzer in polarization of the swer any two of the following: Secribe the construction and working of a Ruby laser with esessary diagrams? tain Sabine's formula.	Vith a neat sketch describe the production of ultrasonic waves by verse piezoelectric method. The fundamental vibrational frequency of quartz is 2.5 MHz. If it vibrating at resonance, calculate its thickness. (Young's modulus quartz is 7.9×10 ¹⁰ N/m² and density of quartz is 2.6466 gm/cm³). The production of optical fiber Sensors in Structural Health onitoring System? The production of the total energy of a simple harmonic optical action of a polarizer and an analyzer in polarization of the total energy of the following: The production of the following: The production of the following: The production of ultrasonic waves by the production of ultrasonic waves by the production of the following in Structural Health of the production of understand an analyzer in polarization of the polarization of the following: The production of the following: The production of ultrasonic waves by the production of ultrasonic waves by the production of understand the production of understand the production of ultrasonic waves by the production of ultraso

M: Marks; L: Bloom's Taxonomy Level; CO; Course Outcome; PO: Programme Outcome

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1)	Blooms Taxonomy Level - 1	200/
ii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level – 2	20%
iii)	D1- The Taxonomy Level - 2	40%
111)	Blooms Taxonomy Level – 3 & 4	40%
